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**SPACEWIRE/RMAP-BASED DATA ACQUISITION FRAMEWORK FOR SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS: OVERVIEW, APPLICATION, AND RECENT UPDATES**

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Short Paper

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**ABSTRACT**

To develop and test satellite-borne scientific instruments, we, Japanese SpaceWire
Users Group, have been developing and utilizing a modular SpaceWire-based data
acquisition system (Yuasa et al. in SpaceWire Conference 2007, 2008). The core
components, such as circuit boards with SpaceWire/RMAP-capable FPGAs, the
SpaceCube computers with the TRON real-time OS, and the portable class library
running on the SpaceCube, have been available for more than four years. They have
already been deployed in several actual examples; development and test of SpaceWire
Interface Module (SWIM) of Japanese Small Demonstration Satellite I (SDS-I; see
Kokuyama et al. in SpaceWire Conference 2008) and developments of instruments
onboard the next Japanese X-ray satellite ASTRO-H as reported by Fujinaga et al. and
Kouzu et al. in this conference. We note that SDS-I/SWIM successfully performed
RMAP data transfer in orbit about one month after its launch in January 2009, and
have been operational more than half a year obtaining precise data of satellite
vibration which give vital information for planned gravitational wave detector in space.

In this paper, as an introduction to above-mentioned individual applications, we present an overview of the data acquisition system reviewing our design concept and its implementation in each component. We also report recent upgrade of the SpaceCube computer and an open SpaceWire/RMAP IP cores used in our framework.